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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/842,778	04/27/2001	Atsushi Ito	1945-347	3837
6449 7.	590 08/07/2003			
ROTHWELL, FIGG, ERNST & MANBECK, P.C. 1425 K STREET, N.W. SUITE 800			EXAMINER	
			MACCHIAROLO, PETER J	
WASHINGTO:	N, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2875	
			DATE MAILED: 08/07/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/842,778	ITO ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
	The MAIL INC DATE of the	Peter J Macchiarolo	2875	
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- Exten after 5 - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REIMALING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION is ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication, period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the mad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, m eply within the statutory minimum od will apply and will expire SIX (6)	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic	eation.
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	<u>2 June 2003</u> .		
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐	This action is non-final.		
3) [Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	wance except for formal er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	matters, prosecution as to the men C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	its is
4) 🖾	Claim(s) $7-9$ is/are pending in the application	n.		
4	la) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration		
5) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)🛛 (Claim(s) <u>7-9</u> is/are rejected.			
7)🛛 (Claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are objected to.			
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement		
Application	•			
	he specification is objected to by the Exami			•
10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acc			
44) 🗔 🖚	Applicant may not request that any objection to			
11)[_] [he proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.	
40\□ T	If approved, corrected drawings are required in I			
	he oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner.		
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	gn priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
	〗All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			
1	. Certified copies of the priority docume			
2	C.☐ Certified copies of the priority document	nts have been received i	n Application No	
	Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International B te the attached detailed Office action for a lis	lureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a	1).	
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a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language packnowledgment is made of a claim for domes	rovisional application has	s been received.	ationy.
Attachment(s		•		
2) Notice (3) Informa	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice	ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	- ·
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. The reply filed on June 12, 2003 consists of changes to the claims, and further, the reply consists of remarks related to the prior rejection of claims in the First Office Action. The above have been entered and considered. However, claims 7-9 are not allowable as explained below.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: the claim recites, "pressing a molding tool against the front surface of said resin layer," in line 5. However, there is not proper antecedent basis for a front surface of the resin layer. The Examiner is interpreting this limitation as, "pressing a molding tool against <u>a</u> front surface of said resin layer." Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out

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the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

- 4. Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiramatsu et al (JP 04-298945; "Shiramatsu") in view of Jondrow (USPN 6,072,274; "Jondrow").
- 5. In regards to claims 7-8, Shiramatsu discloses in figure 5 that a display panel as broadly claimed by Applicant is known in the art. Specifically, the display panel has a resin material (acrylic resin 15 in paragraph [0008]) which has been coated over a front panel (15a) which covers the front surface of a luminous portion (5) to form a resin layer, and the resin layer is formed into a plurality of lenses on the resin layer, each of which lenses condense light from a display cell to the front side of the display panel, and each of which lenses are located on the resin layer at respective areas of the resin layer where the resin layer is in direct contact with the front panel, and the luminous portions comprise a plurality of display cells disposed in a matrix form, and each of the display cells emits light. Shiramatsu further teaches in paragraph [0014] that one suitable method of manufacturing these types of lenses on a display panel is by injection molding.
- 6. Shiramatsu is silent to forming the lenses by "compression molding."
- 7. However, Jondrow teaches in column 2, lines 47-57 that these two methods of molding are art-recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made, and that both compression and injection molding are capable of forming resin into extremely small structures with excellent precision and accuracy.

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- 8. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the disclosed display panel of Shiramatsu by compression molding the lenses, since Jondrow shows that injection molding and compression molding were art recognized equivalents at the time the invention was made and both methods are capable of forming resin into extremely small structures with excellent precision and accuracy.
- 9. The Examiner notes that in the previous Office Action at paper number 4, page 4, paragraph 10 explains the relationship between compression molding and Applicant's method of manufacture.
- 10. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiramatsu in view of Jondrow, in further view of Haraga et al (USPN 5,126,620; "Haraga").
- 11. In regards to claim 9, Shiramatsu and Jondrow teach all of the recited limitations of claim 7 (above).
- 12. Shiramatsu and Jondrow are silent to the lens layer contains a pigment.
- 13. However, Haraga teaches in column 10 lines 56-61 that the condensing lenses can be formed by using a pigment corresponding to the luminous layers they cover. Haraga further teaches in column 11 lines 21-24, that and this increases the contrast between the states of full-emission and non-emission in each of the pixels.
- 14. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the disclosed display element of Shiramatsu using compression molding to form the lenses of Haraga, since Haraga teaches this configuration increases the contrast between the states of full-emission and non-emission in each of the pixels.

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Response to Arguments

15. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 7 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 16. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 17. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.
- 18. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Macchiarolo whose telephone number is (703) 305-7198. The examiner can normally be reached on 7.30 4:30, M-F.
- 19. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (703) 305-4939. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

20. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

pjm July 25, 2003

Sandra O'Shaa
Supervisory Patent Examiner